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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/518,118 12/15/2004		Liuzhu Gong	1238.72142	3259	
24978	7590 01/06/2006	EXAMINER		INER	
GREER, BU	GREER, BURNS & CRAIN			BROWN, JENNINE M	
300 S WACK	ER DR				
25TH FLOOR	25TH FLOOR			PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO, I	L 60606	1755			

DATE MAILED: 01/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/518	,118	GONG ET AL.	
(	Office Action Summary	Exami	ner	Art Unit	
		Jennine	e M. Brown	1755	
Th Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this commun ply	ication appears on	the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORT WHICHEN - Extensions after SIX (6) - If NO period - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD F /ER IS LONGER, FROM THE M of time may be available under the provisions ) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comn I for reply is specified above, the maximum siply within the set or extended period for reply inceived by the Office later than three months a ent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. atutory period will apply an will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be timed will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status					
2a)∭ This 3)∭ Sind	ponsive to communication(s) file action is <b>FINAL</b> .  e this application is in condition ed in accordance with the practi	2b)⊠ This action is for allowance exce	ept for formal matters, pro		
Disposition o	f Claims			•	
4a) € 5)	m(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the approximately of the above claim(s) is/are m(s) is/are allowed.  m(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.  m(s) is/are objected to.  m(s) are subject to restrict the subject to restrict the subject to restrict the subject to by the drawing(s) filed on is/are: is is are may not request that any object the subject to reducing the subject to the subject that any object the subject that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject to the subject that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject to the subject that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject that any object that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject that any object that any object that or declaration is objected to subject the subject that any object t	e Examiner.  a) accepted or ction to the drawing(s	n requirement.  b) objected to by the solution by the solution of the drawing(s) is objected if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 119				
<ul> <li>12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li> <li>1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
2) Notice of D 3) Information	eferences Cited (PTO-892) raftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or )/Mail Date <u>12/15/04</u> .		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

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#### Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 12/15/05 was considered by the examiner.

### Claim Objections

Claim 10 is objected to because of the following informalities: the term "3'3-bi-formly –biphenol" is not the proper name for the starting material. Appropriate correction is required.

According to MPEP 2111.04, "Claim scope is not limited by claim language that suggests or makes optional but does not require steps to be performed, or by claim language that does not limit a claim to a particular structure. However, examples of claim language, although not exhaustive, that may raise a question as to the limiting effect of the language in a claim are: (A) "adapted to" or "adapted for" clauses; (B) "wherein" clauses; and (C) "whereby" clauses. The determination of whether each of these clauses is a limitation in a claim depends on the specific facts of the case. In Hoffer v. Microsoft Corp., 405 F.3d 1326, 1329, 74 USPQ2d 1481, 1483 (Fed. Cir. 2005), the court held that when a "whereby' clause states a condition that is material to patentability, it cannot be ignored in order to change the substance of the invention." Id. However, the court noted (quoting Minton v. Nat 'I Ass 'n of Securities Dealers, Inc., 336 F.3d 1373, 1381, 67 USPQ2d 1614, 1620 (Fed. Cir. 2003)) that a "whereby clause in a method claim is not given weight when it simply expresses the intended result of a process step positively recited."" Id." Examiner suggests modifying the claims to

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conform to current US practice by using "comprising", "consisting essentially of" or "consisting of". Examiner assumes the language to be open ended in order to advance prosecution of the instant claims.

#### Claims Analysis

Claims 1-9 are product by process claims and as such will be considered only insofar as they affect the structure of the final product. Consequently, if the prior art teaches or suggests the same structure of the final product claimed but does not teach or suggest the process, applicant must provide a showing to the contrary.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-9, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is unclear what applicant means to claim in claims 1-9 when stating that the "configuration of the amino acid is R or S" because the formula given in claim 1 does not show the reactants but the product produced. It is unclear as to how the applicant is determining the chirality of the ligand or the metal ligand complex. It is unclear whether each R group is to determine stereochemistry or whether only one R group is to be used for determining stereochemistry and should clearly be stated as such.

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Claim 11 recites the limitation "the solution". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in claim 10. The claim is not further limiting.

Claim 12 recites the limitation "the weight ratio". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in claim 10. The claim is not further limiting.

Claim 13 recites the limitation "the molar ratio". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in claim 10. The claim is not further limiting.

Claim 14 provides for the use of a chiral catalyst used for oxidative coupling, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced. Claim 14 also uses the language "can catalyze" which means that it has the ability to but may not actually do what applicant intends to claim therefore it is indefinite.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

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- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujita, et al. (US 6875718 B2) in view of Liu, et al. (Inorg. Chem. 2001) and Bell, et al. (WO 94/03271 A1).

See all disclosures in their entirety. Regarding claims 1-9:

Fujita, et al. disclose numerous transition metal compounds that are variations on salicylaldoxime compounds:

wherein the phenyl groups are bridging:

and various alkyl and aryl groups are attached to the nitrogen group:

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which like the salen catalysts disclosed by Liu, et al. are combined with VOSO<sub>4</sub> to create a Schiff base. One of ordinary skill in the art would be able to modify the Schiff base complexes of Liu, et al. to use different complexes such as those disclosed by Fujita, et al. to provide catalysts having differing properties based on the stereorigidity and chirality of the compound produced so that when used as a catalyst chiral compounds may be formed (Bell, et al. page 1).

#### Regarding claims 10-13:

Liu, et al. disclose in their experimental section, under the subtitle materials, that the Schiff bases were prepared by condensing aldehydes with diamines in ethanol and the resulting insoluble ligand could be isolated by filtration but usually just added to VOSO4 and refluxing for ca. 4 h. which resulted in an oxovanadium(IV) Schiff base and filtered to isolate having a yield of 70-90%. The method only differs in the particular Schiff base used and for the reasons stated hereinabove it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to substitute different Schiff bases to produce a catalytic product such as that claimed by applicant.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennine M. Brown whose telephone number is (571) 272-1364. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 9:30 AM - 7:30 PM; Fridays off.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on (571) 272-1233. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

jmb

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

# 10/5/8/18

bisacetylacetone-ethylenediimine

N,N'-disalicylideneethylenediamine